Instructions for

RCA Victor R-73

Radiola

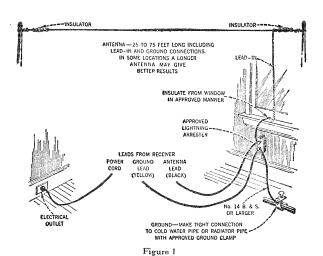
INSTALLATION

Preliminary—Remove the packing material from the Radiotrons. Refer to the tube location diagram on rear of receiver, and *make certain:*

- (a) That all tubes are in the proper sockets and pressed down firmly.
- (b) That all shields are rigidly in place over the Radiotrons shown by double circles on the diagram.
- (c) That the short flexible leads shown on the diagram are attached to the top grid contacts of the proper Radiotrons as indicated, and that the spring contact caps are pressed down firmly.
 - NOTE—For the RCA-55 Radiotron only, the grid lead must be enclosed by the cylindrical tube shield. A slot is provided at the bottom of this shield for entrance of the lead.
- (d) That the lid is securely in place on the shield of the RCA-58 Radiotron designated by the heavy circle on the diagram.

Location—The instrument should be located close to the antenna lead-in and ground connections, and near an electrical outlet.

External Connections—Figure 1 shows the external connections and recommended antenna system. It is essential that a good ground connection be provided. Make connections to the antenna and ground as illustrated. Then connect



the power cord to an electrical outlet supplying alternating current at the voltage and frequency (cycles) for which the instrument is rated (see rating label on rear of receiver).

OPERATION

The operating controls are shown in Figure 2. Proceed as follows:

1. Apply power by turning the Tone Control knob clockwise from the "off" position; set this control near the middle of its range. Several seconds are required for the Radiotrons to heat before satisfactory reception is possible.







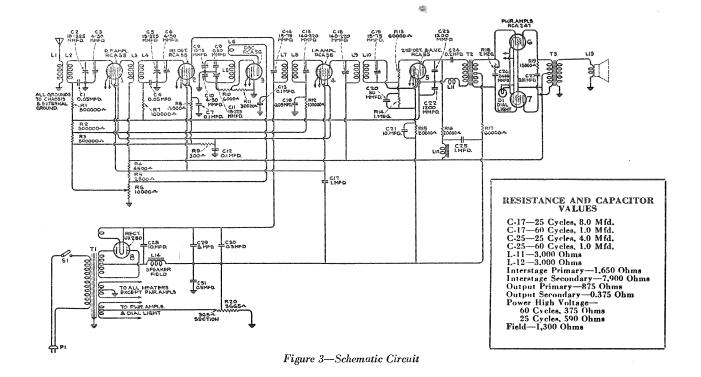
Figure 2

- 2. Advance the Volume Control about one quarter turn from the extreme counter-clockwise position and turn the Station Selector in either direction until a station is heard. (The dial scale is calibrated in kilocycles to facilitate selecting stations of known frequency.) If no station is heard, advance the Volume Control further in a clockwise direction and again rotate the Station Selector.
- 3. After receiving a signal, turn the Volume Control counter-clockwise until the volume is reduced to a low level.

Now readjust the Station Selector accurately to the position mid-way between the points where the quality becomes poor or the signal disappears. This setting minimizes the proportion of background noise and provides the fine quality of reproduction possible with this instrument.

- 4. Adjust the Volume Control to secure the desired volume.
- NOTE—The automatic volume control maintains the volume substantially constant irrespective of normal fluctuations of signal strength (fading). Also, other stations with good signal strength will be received at approximately the same volume without readjustment of the Volume Control.
- 5. Adjust the Tone Control to obtain the desired tone quality, or turn it counter-clockwise to reduce noise interference.
- 6. When through operating, switch off the power by turning the Tone Control knob to the extreme counter-clockwise position.

Radiotrons—Improved results may sometimes be obtained by interchanging the RCA-58 Radiotrons in their sockets. The power should be switched off before removing any Radiotron from its socket. Spare Radiotrons should be kept on hand.



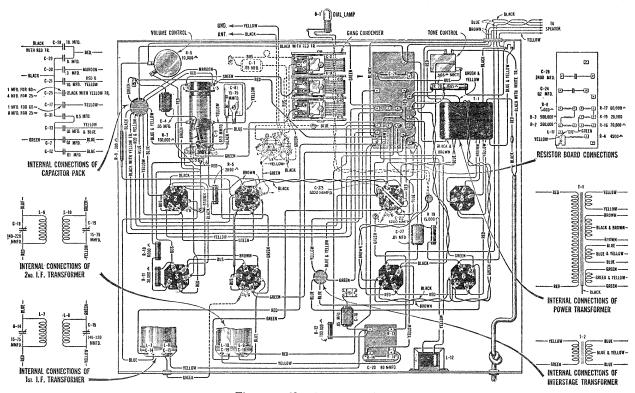


Figure 4—Chassis Wiring Diagram

SERVICE DATA

Electrical Specifications

and the contract of the contra
Voltage Rating
Power Consumption
Type and Number of Radiotrons3 RCA-58, 1 RCA-56,
1 RCA-55, 2 RCA-247, 1 UX-280—Total, 8
Type of Circuit Super-Heterodyne
with A. V. C., tone control and push-pull Pentode Output Undistorted Output
Undistorted Output
R. F. and Oscillator Alignment Frequency
600 K. C. and 1400 K. C.
Intermediate Frequency175 K. C.

This receiver is an eight tube Super-Heterodyne incorporating Automatic volume control, tone control and Push-Pull Pentode Output. Service Data will be found to be similar to that of other Super-Heterodyne receivers incorporating similar features.

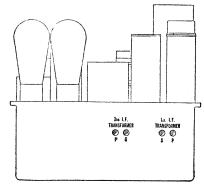


Figure 5-I. F. Alignment Location

Line-up Adjustments

I. F. Tuning Adjustments—Two transformers comprising four tuned circuits are used in the intermediate amplifier. These are tuned to 175 K. C. and the adjustment screws are accessible from the rear of the chassis. See Figure 5 for location of the adjustment screws and proceed as follows:

(a) Procure a modulated oscillator giving a signal at 175 K. C., a non-metallic screw driver such as Stock No. 7065 and an output meter.

(b) Remove the oscillator tube and connect a ground to the chassis.

(c) Connect the oscillator output between the first detector control grid and chassis ground. Connect the output meter across the voice coil of the loudspeaker and adjust the oscillator output so that with the receiver volume control at maximum, a slight deflection is obtained in the output meter.

(d) Adjust the secondary and then the primary of the second and then the first I. F. transformers until a

maximum deflection is obtained. Keep the oscillator output at a low value so that only a slight deflection is obtained on the output meter at all times. Go over these adjustments a second time, as there is a slight interlocking of adjustments. This completes the I. F. Adjustments.

R. F. and Oscillator Adjustments—The three gang capacitor screws are accessible through the bottom cover and the 600 K. C. oscillator trimmer through the top of the chassis adjacent to the R. F. coil. Proceed as follows:

(a) Procure a modulated oscillator giving a signal at 1400 K. C. and 600 K. C., a non-metallic screw driver such as Stock No. 7065 and an output meter.

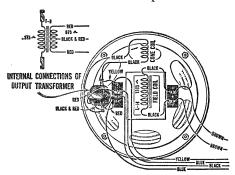


Figure 6-Loudspeaker Wiring

- (b) Connect the output of the oscillator to the antenna and ground lead of the receiver. Check the dial at the extreme maximum position of the tuning capacitor. The indicator should be at the short line on the dial. Then set the dial at 1400 K. C., the oscillator at 1400 K. C. and connect the output meter across the cone coil. Adjust the oscillator output so that a slight deflection is obtained when the receiver volume control is at maximum.
- (c) Adjust the three line-up capacitors accessible at the bottom of the receiver until maximum deflection is obtained in the output meter.
- (d) Shift the oscillator frequency to 600 K. C. and tune the signal. Then adjust the 600 K. C. capacitor, accessible through the top, until maximum deflection is obtained. The main tuning capacitor must be rocked back and forth while making this adjustment.
- (e) Then realign at 1400 K. C. This completes the adjustments.

When making both the I. F. and R. F. adjustments, the important point to remember is that the receiver volume control must be at its maximum position and the minimum input signal necessary from the oscillator must be used.

RADIOTRON SOCKET VOLTAGES

120 Volts, 60 Cycles, A. C. Line-V. C. at Maximum and no Signal

Radiotron No.	Control Grid to Filament or Cathode Volts	Screen Grid to Filament or Cathode Volts	Plate to Filament or Cathode Volts	Plate Current M. A.	Heater or Filament Volts
1. R. F. RCA-58	4.5	100	165	6.0	2.37
2. 1st Det. RCA-58	11.0	95	155	1.5	2.37
3. Oscillator RCA-56	Arterowerk		70	4.5	2.37
4. I. F. RCA-58	4.5	100	165	6.0	2.37
5. 2nd Det. RCA-55 and A.V.C.			55	4.7	2.37
6. Power RCA-247	19.0	235	225	20.0	2.37
7. Power RCA-247	19.0	235	225	20.0	2.37

OTHER IMPORTANT VOLTAGES

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Insist on genuine factory tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers

Stock No.	DESCRIPTION	List Price	Stock No.	DESCRIPTION	List Price
	RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES		6370	Tone control-Complete with mounting nut.	\$1.34
2746	Socket—Dial lamp socket	\$0.20	7054	Cord—Power cord	.60
2747	Cap—Contact cap—Package of 5	.50	7062	Capacitor—Adjustable trimming capacitor	
2749	Capacitor—2,400 mmfd. capacitor	.35		—Capacity 15 to 70 mmfd	.50
3003	Cushion—Sponge rubber chassis support		7065	Screw driver—Micarta screw driver for I. F., R. F. and oscillator condensers	.80
	cushions—Package of 4	.30	7439	Drum—Dial drum with 3 dial mounting nuts.	.35
3048	Resistor—500,000 ohms—Carbon type—½	1.00	7440	Scale—Dial and dial scale	.50
2076	watt—Package of 5	1.00	7481		.50
3076	Resistor—1 megohm—Carbon type—½ watt —Package of 5	1.00	7401	Coil—Detector and oscillator coil complete with mounting bracket	2.20
3077	Resistor—30,000 ohms—½ watt—Carbon		7484	Socket-UY type Radiotron socket	.35
	type—Package of 5	1.00	7485	Socket-6 contact Radiotron socket	.40
3252	Resistor—100,000 ohms—½ watt—Carbon		7510	Shield — Radiotron tube shield — Maroon	
	type—Package of 5	1.00		finish	.30
3369	Resistor—4,500 ohms—Porcelain type—20		7511	Shield—Radiotron tube shield top—Maroon	
	watts	.85		finish	.25
3437	Knob—Noise suppressor knob	.60	7549	Transformer—Interstage audio transformer	2.48
3449	Coil—Choke coil mounted on resistor board.	1.12	7550	Capacitor pack—Comprising two 10.0 mfd.,	
3450	Capacitor—0.2 mfd. mounted on resistor			one 8.0 mfd., one 0.3 mfd., two 1.0 mfd.,	
	board	.46	l	one 0.5 mfd., and three 0.1 mfd. capacitors	
3451	Bracket—Dial lamp bracket and indicator—			in metal container—For 60 cycle operation.	7.40
	Package of 2	.38	7551	Transformer—Power transformer—105-125	
3455	Capacitor—0.01 mfd	.44	7550	volts—50-60 cycles	6.40
3456	Capacitor—0.05 mfd	.44	7552	Capacitor—3 gang variable tuning capacitor	
3457	Resistor — Porcelain type — 3,665 ohms —			complete with mounting screws and washers	5.20
	Tapped at 365 ohms	.78	7556	Transformer—Power transformer—105-125	3.20
3458	Resistor — 2,800 ohms — Carbon type — $\frac{1}{2}$		1000	volts—25–50 cycles	8.50
	watt—Package of 5	1.00	7564	Capacitor pack—Comprising two 10.0 mfd.,	0.50
3459	Capacitor—80 mmfd. capacitor	.44	.001	two 8.0 mfd., one 0.3 mfd., one 4.0 mfd.,	
3460	Capacitor—1,200 mmfd. capacitor	.30		one 0.5 mfd. and three 0.1 mfd. capacitors	
3468	Resistor—300 ohms—Flexible type—Pk. of 5.	1.00		in metal container—For 25 cycle operation.	7.24
6142	Resistor—6,000 ohms—½ watt—Carbon		7565	Shield—Radiotron tube shield top—Red	.25
	type—Package of 5	1.00	7566	Shield—Radiotron tube shield—Red	.30
6192	Spring—3 gang tuning capacitor drive cord tension spring—Package of 10	.30			
6279	Resistor—15,000 ohms—½ watt—Carbon			REPRODUCER ASSEMBLIES	
6282	type—Package of 5	1.00	3237	Screw assembly—Comprising 4 screws, 8	
0202	watt—Package of 5	1.00		nuts, 4 washers, and 4 eyelets—Package	
6288	Knob—Station selector, tone control or vol-	1.00		of 1 set	.50
	ume control knob—Package of 5	1.00	6184	Board—Terminal board complete with 3	w.o.
6298	Cord—3 gang variable tuning capacitor drive			terminals—Package of 5	.50
6200	cord—Package of 5	.60	6371	Transformer—Output transformer	1.90
6300 6301	Socket—4 contact Radiotron socket Reactor—Filter reactor	.35	8920	Ring—Cone retaining ring	.35
6303	Resistor—20,000 ohms—½ watt—Carbon	1.40	8935	Cone—Reproducer cone complete with voice	
	type—Package of 5	1.00		coil—Package of 5	5.25
6308	Coil-R. F. coil complete with mounting		9421	Coil assembly—Comprising field coil, magnet	
(000	bracket	1.36		and cone support	4.32
6323	Shaft—Tuning condenser drive shaft with one flat washer and 2 "C" washers—Pack-				
6367	age of 2	.20		CABINET ASSEMBLIES	
6367	Transformer—First intermediate frequency transformer	2.14	(110		
6368	Transformer — Second intermediate fre-	4.14	6113	Foot—Cabinet felt foot—Package of 15	.50
	quency transformer	2.14	7523	Escutcheon—Station selector escutcheon	.50
			X181	Cabinet—Complete less equipment	
6369	Volume control—Complete with mounting	1	X181 X182	Baffle board and grille cloth	

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